

Breast Cancer Awareness and Screening

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Introduction

Introduction

This report outlines key discussions, observations, and feedback from a breast cancer awareness focus group session. The session aimed to:

- Educate participants on breast cancer.
- Assess their existing knowledge.
- Address barriers to screening.
- Explore ways to improve engagement and accessibility to breast cancer screening services.

Session Overview

The session began with an introduction to breast cancer awareness. Participants were shown a breast model and asked about their knowledge of breast cancer. This activity helped gauge awareness and provided an opportunity to discuss common perceptions and misconceptions.

Key Discussion Points

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Awareness of Breast Cancer

- Participants were asked about their prior knowledge of breast cancer.
- They shared their exposure to breast cancer awareness through media, television, or personal experiences.
- The discussion emphasised the importance of understanding breast cancer symptoms and early detection.

Understanding Mammograms

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Importance of Breast Cancer Screening

- Early Detection: Mammograms help identify abnormalities in breast tissue at an early stage.
- **Diagnosis and Treatment:** Early screening increases the chances of successful treatment.
- Video Presentation: A video reinforced the importance of mammograms, boosting participants' confidence in the procedure.
- Feedback on the Video: Participants found the video informative and said it reduced embarrassment about breast cancer screening.

Quiz on Knowledge Sharing

A quiz was conducted to assess participants' knowledge and encourage discussion on the pros and cons of breast cancer screening.

Advantages of Screening:

- Detects cancer early, improving treatment outcomes.
- Provides peace of mind by reducing anxiety.

Concerns and Barriers to Screening:

- Fear of radiation exposure.
- Embarrassment about the procedure.
- Anxiety and stress associated with screening.

Addressing Barriers to Screening

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To encourage participation in breast cancer screening programs, several solutions were discussed:

Education and Awareness

- Provide clear and reassuring explanations of the screening process.
- Offer information on what happens during screening to reduce fear.

Improving Accessibility

- Mobile screening vans (e.g., at hospitals like NUH, Shrewsbury) to improve access.
- Walk-in services to eliminate scheduling barriers.
- Organised visits to screening centres to familiarise individuals with the process.

Enhancing Convenience

- Increased awareness before appointments to reduce
 anxiety.
- Screenings are scheduled at convenient locations.
- Transport options for individuals with mobility challenges.

Communication and Transparency

- Provide clear guidance on what to expect during screening.
- Clarify that the recommended screening age is between 30-40 years.

Key Findings

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Language Barriers

- Some participants had difficulty understanding medical information due to language differences.
- The need for translation services was emphasized to ensure effective communication.

Staff Attitudes

- Concerns were raised about healthcare staff's approach when dealing with first-time screening participants.
- Sensitivity training for medical professionals was suggested to make screenings more comfortable.

Appointment Timing for Individuals with Learning Disabilities (LD)

• Participants were informed that individuals with learning disabilities are given double the standard appointment time for additional support.

Key Takeaways from the Session

- Increased awareness of breast cancer symptoms and signs to check.
- Understanding the importance of regular screening and self-examinations.
- Awareness of screening during summer months when holidays allow for easier scheduling.

How to Share Information with the Community

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General Practitioners (GPs) as Key Messengers

- GPs should provide breast cancer screening information during routine check-ups.
- Yearly health assessments should include discussions on screening benefits.

Paper-Based Information

- Printed materials (handouts, posters, pamphlets) ensure accessibility for those without internet access.
- These should be placed in healthcare facilities and community centres.

Community Engagement

- Organising local events and informative sessions to spread awareness.
- Collaborating with community leaders and organisations to reach diverse populations.

Advertising in GP Practices

• Posters and leaflets in GP waiting areas provide passive education.

• Key details should include eligibility, benefits of screening, and how to book an appointment.

Flyers in Public Spaces

- Distribute flyers at libraries, supermarkets, community centres, and places of worship.
- Flyers should be visually appealing and easy to understand.

Conclusion

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The breast cancer focus group provided valuable insights into awareness levels, barriers to screening, and potential solutions. Key takeaways include:

- The need for education, accessibility, and clear communication to encourage participation.
- Addressing concerns related to embarrassment, anxiety, and language barriers.
- Prioritising community outreach, staff training, and mobile screening options to improve access.

Future efforts should focus on targeted interventions to ensure breast cancer screening services are inclusive and widely accessible.

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